SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: TECNADIS SELFLCEAN ULTRA

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Hydrophilic self-cleaning and anti-dust coating for glasses.

Professional use

Uses advised against:
Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: **Tecnología Navarra de Nanoproductos S.L.**
Address: Área Industrial Perguita, Calle A, nº1
City: 31210 Los Arcos
Province: Navarra (SPAIN)
Telephone: +34 948 64 03 18
Fax: +34 948 64 03 19
E-mail: tecnan@tecnan-nanomat.es
Web: www.tecnan-nanomat.es

1.4 Emergency telephone number: +34 948 64 03 18 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the mixture.
In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:
Eye Irrit. 2 : Causes serious eye irritation.
Flam. Liq. 2 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:

Signal Word:

Danger

H statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

P statements:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use ABC powder, CO2 or alcohol resistant foam to extinguish.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501	Dispose of contents/container according to current, local/national legislation.

EUH statements:

-Continued *on next page.*-

EUH208 Contains mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1),mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards.
The product may have the following additional risks:
N.D.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.
Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.
Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
			Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 603-002-00-5 CAS No: 64-17-5 EC No: 200-578-6 Registration No: 01-2119457610-43-XXXX	[1] ethanol,ethyl alcohol	75 - 100 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	-
Index No: 603-117-00-0 CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7 Registration No: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX	[1] isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol	≤5 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 014-005-00-0 CAS No: 78-10-4 EC No: 201-083-8 Registration No: 01-2119496195-28-XXXX	[1] ethyl silicate,tetraethyl silicate	<5 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335	-
Index No: 607-002-00-6 CAS No: 64-19-7 EC No: 200-580-7 Registration No: 01-2119475328-30-XXXX	[1] acetic acid	1 - 5 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Corr. 1A, H314	Skin Corr. 1A, H314: C ≥ 90 % Skin Corr. 1B, H314: 25 % ≤ C < 90 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 %
Index No: 613-167-00-5 CAS No: 55965-84-9	mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1),mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	≤0.0005 %	Acute Tox. 3 *, H311 - Acute Tox. 3 *, H331 - Acute Tox. 3 *, H301 - Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Skin Corr. 1B, H314 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	Skin Corr. 1B, H314: C ≥ 0,6 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0,06 % ≤ C < 0,6 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0,06 % ≤ C < 0,6 % Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0,0015 %

-Continued *on next page.*-

(*) *The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.*
** See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.*
[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.
In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.
Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration.

Eye contact.
Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

Skin contact.
Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.
If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.
Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.
In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

The product is Highly inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.
Suitable extinguishing media:
Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.
Special risks.
Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:
- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.
Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.

-Continued *on next page.*-

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.
Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes.For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.
Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.
Pick up the spill with non-combustible absorbent materials (soil, sand, vermiculite, diatomite, etc.). Pour the product and the absorbent in an appropriate container. The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate de-contaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

6.4 Reference to other sections.
For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.
For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.
The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.
The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use anti-static footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.
Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks.For personal protection, see section 8. Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers.
In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.
Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.
Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.
Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35º C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.
Classification and threshold amount of storage in accordance with Annex I to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

		Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
Code	**Description**	**Lower-tier requirements**	**Upper-tier requirements**
P5b	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	50	200

7.3 Specific end use(s).
None

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

-Continued *on next page.*-

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
ethanol,ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	United Kingdom [1]	**Eight hours**	1000	1920
			Short term		
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol	67-63-0	United Kingdom [1]	**Eight hours**	400	999
			Short term	500	1250
ethyl silicate,tetraethyl silicate	78-10-4	European Union [2]	**Eight hours**	5	44
			Short term		
acetic acid	64-19-7	European Union [2]	**Eight hours**	10	25
			Short term		

[1] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.
[2] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).
The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.
Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Type	Value
ethanol,ethyl alcohol CAS No: 64-17-5 EC No: 200-578-6	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	950 (mg/m³)
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	500 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	89 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	888 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	319 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	26 (mg/kg bw/day)
ethyl silicate,tetraethyl silicate CAS No: 78-10-4 EC No: 201-083-8	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	85 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	85 (mg/m³)
acetic acid CAS No: 64-19-7 EC No: 200-580-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	25 (mg/m³)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
ethanol,ethyl alcohol CAS No: 64-17-5 EC No: 200-578-6	Fresh water	0,96 (mg/L)
	Marine water	0,79 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	2,75 (mg/L)
	Soil	0,63 (mg/kg soil dw)
	sediment (freshwater)	3,6 (mg/kg sediment dw)
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	aqua (freshwater)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	140,9 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	552 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	552 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	Soil	28 (mg/kg soil dw)
	PNEC STP	2251 (mg/L)

-Continued *on next page.*-

	PNEC oral (Hazard for predators)	160 (mg/kg food)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:
Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	**100 %**
Uses:	**Nanoparticle-based coating with varied functionalities (water repellent, anti stain, rain repellent, anticorrosion...)** **Professional use** **Industrial use.**
Breathing protection:	
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles. 
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor.
Observations:	Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.
Filter Type needed:	A2
Hand protection:	
PPE:	Protective gloves. 
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.
Material: PVC (polyvinyl chloride)	Breakthrough time (min.): > 480 — Material thickness (mm): 0,35
Eye protection:	
PPE:	Face shield. 
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly.
Observations:	Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame.
Skin protection:	
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing. 
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear. 
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly

-Continued *on next page.*-

Observations:	The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.
Appearance:Liquid
Colour: N.A./N.A.
Odour:N.A./N.A.
Odour threshold:N.A./N.A.
pH:N.A./N.A.
Melting point:N.A./N.A.
Boiling Point: N.A./N.A.
Flash point: 13 ºC
Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.
Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A.
Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.
Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.
Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A.
Vapour density:N.A./N.A.
Relative density:N.A./N.A.
Solubility:N.A./N.A.
Liposolubility: N.A./N.A.
Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.
Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A.
Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.
Viscosity: N.A./N.A.
Explosive properties: N.A./N.A.
Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.
N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

9.2 Other information.
Pour point: N.A./N.A.
Blink: N.A./N.A.
Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.
N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.
The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

10.2 Chemical stability.
Unstable in contact with:
- Acids.
- Bases.
- Oxidizing agents.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.
In certain conditions this may cause a polymerization reaction.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.
Avoid the following conditions:
- Heating.
- High temperature.
- Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5 Incompatible materials.
Avoid the following materials:
- Acids.
- Bases.

-Continued *on next page.*-

- Oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.
Depending on conditions of use, can be generated the following products:
- COx (carbon oxides).
- Organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation.
11.1 Information on toxicological effects.
Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.
Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Name	Acute toxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Oral	LD50	Rat	5050 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Gigiena i Sanitariya. For English translation, see HYSAAV. Vol. 43(1), Pg. 8, 1978
	Dermal	LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 100, 1974
	Inhalation	LC50	Rat	>10000 ppm (6 h) [1] [1] OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), study report, 1991
mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1),mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS No: 55965-84-9 EC No:	Oral	LD50	Rat	53 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Mutation Research. Vol. 118, Pg. 129, 1983
	Dermal			
	Inhalation			

a) acute toxicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation;
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;
Product classified:
Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

-Continued *on next page.*-

Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;
Not conclusive data for classification.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Fish	LC50	Fish	9640 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI :414
	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50	Crustacean	1400 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] Blackman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Pollut.Bull. 5:116-118
	Aquatic plants	Toxicity threshold	Scenedesmus quadricauda	1800 mg/L (7 d) [1] [1] Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241
mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1),mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Fish	LC50 LC50	Fish Fish	0,36 mg/l (96 h) [1] 0,19 mg/l (96 h) [2] [1] Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington, D.C [2] Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington,D.C
	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 EC50 EC50	Crustacean Crustacean Crustacean	0,56 mg/l (48 h) [1] 1,07 mg/l (48 h) [2] 0,18 mg/l (48 h) [3] [1] Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington, D.C [2] Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington, D.C [3] Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington, D.C
	Aquatic plants	EC50 EC50	Algae Algae	0,06 mg/l (96 h) [1] 0,13 mg/l (72 h) [2]

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CAS No: 55965-84-9 EC No:		[1] Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental EffectsDatabase (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington,D.C [2] Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington, D.C

12.2 Persistence and degradability.

There is no information available on the degradability of the substances present.
No information is available regarding the degradability of the substances present.No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.
Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name	Bioaccumulation			
	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
ethanol,ethyl alcohol N. CAS: 64-17-5 EC No: 200-578-6	-0,3	-	-	Very low
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol N. CAS: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	0,05	-	-	Very low
acetic acid N. CAS: 64-19-7 EC No: 200-580-7	-0,17	-	-	Very low

12.4 Mobility in soil.
No information is available about the mobility in soil.
The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.
Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.
No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Other adverse effects.
No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.
Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.
Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.
Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.
Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions
Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG.

-Continued *on next page.*-

Transport documentation: Bill of lading
Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA.
Transport document: Airway bill.

14.1 UN number.
UN No: UN1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name.
Description:
ADR: UN 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHANOL / ISOPROPANOL), 3, PG II, (D/E)
IMDG: UN 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHANOL/ ISOPROPANOL), 3, PG II
ICAO/IATA: UN 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHANOL / ISOPROPANOL), 3, PG II

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).
Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group.
Packing group: II

14.5 Environmental hazards.
Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user.
Labels: 3

Hazard number: 33
ADR LQ: 1 L
IMDG LQ: 1 L
ICAO LQ: 1 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR.
Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E
Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.
The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.
The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)
Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): One-pack performance coatings, solvent-borne
Phase I* (from 01/01/2007): 600 g/l
Phase II* (from 01/01/2010): 500 g/l
(*) g/l ready to use

VOC content (p/p): 92,75 %
VOC content: 757,58 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): P5b
The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

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The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.
No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 3 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1 : Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3
Skin Corr. 1A : Skin Corrosive, Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B : Skin Corrosive, Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1
STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Sections changed compared with the previous version:

1,3,8,9,16

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
BCF:	Bioconcentration factor.
CEN:	European Committee for Standardization.
DMEL:	Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
EC50:	Half maximal effective concentration.
PPE:	Personal protection equipment.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, 50%.

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LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.
Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.
NOEC: No observed effect concentration.
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.
RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data:
http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html
http://echa.europa.eu/
Regulation (EU) 2015/830.
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.